

## Outline for March 8, 2006

**Reading:** text, §12.2–12.5

1. Greetings and felicitations!
  - a. Puzzle of the day
2. Attacks
  - a. Exhaustive search: password is 1-8 chars, say 96 possibles; it's about  $7 \times 10^{16}$
  - b. Inspired guessing: think of what people would like (see above)
  - c. Random guessing: can't defend against it; bad login messages aid it
  - d. Scavenging: passwords often typed where they might be recorded as login name, in other contexts, etc.
  - e. Ask the user: very common with some public access services
3. Password aging
  - a. Pick age so when password is guessed, it's no longer valid
  - b. Implementation: track previous passwords vs. upper, lower time bounds
4. Ultimate in aging: One-Time Password
  - a. Password is valid for only one use
  - b. May work from list, or new password may be generated from old by a function
5. Challenge-response systems
  - a. Computer issues challenge, user presents response to verify secret information known/item possessed
  - b. Example operations:  $f(x) = x+1$ , random, string (for users without computers), time of day, computer sends  $E(x)$ , you answer  $E(D(E(x))+1)$
  - c. Note: password never sent on wire or network
6. Biometrics
  - a. Depend on physical characteristics
  - b. Examples: pattern of typing (remarkably effective), retinal scans, etc.
7. Location
  - a. Bind user to some location detection device (human, GPS)
  - b. Authenticate by location of the device